

Directions: (1-4) Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of given word and mark it in the Answer.

1. EMERGE

- (a) Disappear (b) Fall (c) Mark (d) Fade

2. Choleric

- (a) affluent (b) brave (c) pleasant (d) tired

3. Specious

- (a) Narrow (b) Introspective (c) True (d) Courageous

4. Lucid

- (a) lacking resources (b) lacking vitality
(c) lacking clarity (d) lacking comfort

Directions: (5-6) Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best express the meaning of given word and mark it in the Answer

5. ACCOMPLISH

- (a) surrender (b) achieve
(c) forsake (d) abandon

6. RIVALLED

- (a) Hatred (b) Revised
(c) Competed (d) Contradicted

7. SAVOUR

- (a) Taste (b) Protector
(c) Sour (d) Flavour

8. Disparity

- (a) disseminate (b) diffence
(c) discord (d) difficulty

Directions: (9-13) Four alternatives are given for the idiom/Phrase bold in the sentences. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the given idiom /phrase and mark it in the Answer –sheet.

9. She **broke** down in the middle of her speech.
(a) could not proceed
(b) fell down
(c) became angry
(d) cried
10. He is **as hard as nail**, never moved by anything.
(a) tough
(b) Emotionless
(c) Physically strong
(d) hard working
11. I will do the work if I am allowed a **free hand** in the choice of materials.
(a) complete liberty
(b) an expense account
(c) to employ men to work
(d) unlimited funds
12. My father's dealings are open and **above board**.
(a) to everyone's liking
(b) mandatory
(c) without any secret
(d) very clear
13. Winning the competition was quite a **feather in my cap**.
(a) rewarding
(b) an exciting moment
(c) an achievement
(d) a joy for my parents

Directions: (14-18) Sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s) Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternatives out of the four and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle in the Answer –sheet.

14. The young man was quickly promoted when his employer saw how ____ he was.
(a) indifferent (b) lethargic
(c) negligent (d) industrious
15. We are good friend we ____ each other for a long time.
(a) know (b) have know
(c) have been knowing (d) knew
16. The reporter.....for a while before asking his next question.
(a) abstained (b) absconded
(c) debated (d) hesitated
17. Last December the mercury hadto 2° C in New Delhi.
(a) decreased (b) reduced
(c) dipped (d) lowered
18. The train is arrivingplatform number 4.
(a) at (b) on
(c) before (d) upon

Directions: (19-23) Some of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and blacken the rectangle corresponding to the appropriate letter (a,b,c). If a sentence is free from errors, blacken the rectangle corresponding to (d) in the answer Sheet.

19. He was suffering (a)/ from illness (b)/ when we visited him last year (c)/ No error (d)
20. Every morning Sun (a)/ rises (b)/ in the East (c)/ NO error (d)
21. A good friend of (a)/ me has been (b)/ in London for twenty years (c)/ No error (d)
22. Very soon (a)/ I realised (b)/that he is at fault(c)/NO error(d)
23. Santosh have (a)/by the principale (b)/ he professes(c)/No error(d)

Directions: (24-33): A part of the sentences is bold. Below are given alternatives to the bold part at a,b, and c which may improve the sentence .Choqose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed, your answer is 'd'.

24. Raju **requested** me to his birthday party tomorrow.
(a) Indulged (b) invited
(c) inspired (d) No improvement
25. Enlightenment **were** a state of relaxed awareness.
(a) had (b) has (c) is (d) No improvement
26. I complimented him **for** his success in the examination.
(a) about (b) on (c) at (d) No improvement
27. He should not had ignored his friend.
(a) should not have
(b) should have not
(c) should not has
(d) No improvement
28. Educational facilities in under developed nations are often **limiting**.
(a) limited (b) limitless
(c) delimiting (d) No improvement

29. The advancements in medical science **has proved** to be a boon for all of us.
 (a) has proven (b) had proven
 (c) have proved (d) No improvement
30. His borther **never has** and never will be dependable.
 (a) Never had (b) Never has been
 (c) Was never being (d) NO improvement
31. **Like for example** , a post office can have a customer care centre.
 (a) For example (b) like example
 (c) for an example (d) No improvement
32. I **give key** to my wrist watch every-day.
 (a) wind down (b) wound up
 (c) wind (d) No improvement
33. Can this machine be adopted in form work
 (a) by (b) into
 (c) for (d) No improvement

Directions: (34-43) You have a passage with 10 questions. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

1. Dick Mallory is a book publisher. His office on the fortieth floor of a sky scraper in the center of New York City is the world he works in. The world he lives in is a white house on a quiet street in a suburb 30 miles from the big city. Whether he is at work in the heart of the big city or at home in the quiet suburb, Dick's life is tied to machines. In many ways, he represents modern man in the big city-modern man in the machine age.

In a typical working day, Dick is awakened by the buzzing of an electric alarm clock. As he pushes button to silence the alarm, he turns on the radio beside his bed to hear the morning news. Then he goes to the bathroom for a quick shave with his electric shaver. After dressing, Dick goes to the Kitchen, where his wife has begun to prepare breakfast eggs are cooking on the electric stove, bread is being toasted in an toaster and coffee is being made in an electric coffee maker. From the electric refrigerator Dick takes a carton of cream, another of fresh milk and a can of orange juice. He opens the can with an electric can opener, mixes the contents with several cans of cold water, and the orange juice is ready.

34. DickNew York.
 (a) lives in
 (b) does not work in
 (c) lives away from
 (d) lives close to
35. What does Dick represent?
 (a) A city man in the age of science
 (b) Modernity
 (c) Modern man in the machine age
 (d) Modern man in the age of science
36. What does Dick find common at his place of work at home?
 (a) Comfort (b) Noise
 (c) Quietness (d) Machines
37. Which of the following statements is true?
 (a) Dick thinks about the day's work while he is getting dressed

- (b) Dick uses an electric shaver because he gets a faster shave
 (c) Dick listens to the radio news while he is drinking his coffee
 (d) Dick lives in the suburb because he thinks it is quieter and less crowded than New York.
38. Name three electric appliances which Dick's wife uses to prepare breakfast.
 (a) Stove, toaster and can opener
 (b) Refrigerator, can opener and toaster
 (c) Can opener, stove and coffee maker
 (d) Stove, toaster and coffee maker
39. What does the word 'heart' in the expression 'heart of the big city' mean?
 (a) Capital (b) Centre
 (c) Middle (d) Interior
40. The Phrase "Turns on" in the passage means
 (a) Switches on (b) Begins
 (c) Starts on (d) Preses
41. Which of the following statements is not true in the context of the passage?
 (a) Dick uses electric can opener because it opens can more easily
 (b) Dick wakes up when the alarm clock goes off
 (c) Dick goes to the bathroom to shave
 (d) Dick goes to the Kitchen after he wakes up
42. Which of the following is the most appropriate title for the passage?
 (a) Blessings of Science
 (b) The Relationship between Man and Machines
 (c) A City Man in the Machine Age
 (d) Man at the Mercy of Machines
43. What does Dick do? He's a.....
 (a) salesman (b) distributor (c) writer (d) book publisher

Direction (Q. nos. 44-45): Groups of four words are given. In each group, one word is correctly spelt. find the correctly spelt word and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

44. (a) Benifitting (b) Brginning (c) Brlittling (d) Bidding
 45. (a) Acoustics (b) Accoustics (c) Acustictis (d) Accuoustics
- Directions(46-50) : In each of the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/ sentence.**
46. List of headings of the business to be transacted at a meeting
 (a) Schedule (b) Agenda (c) Proceedings (d) Excerpts
47. A process involving too much official formality
 (a) Nepotism (b) Diplomacy (c) Red – tapism (d) Bureaucracy
48. Person who brings an action at law
 (a) Plaintiff (b) Litigant (c) Deponent (d) Defendant
49. The short remaining end of a cigarette
 (a) Stump (b) Stub (c) Rag (d) Scrap
50. The place where public, government or historical records are kept
 (a) Coffe (b) Pantry (c) Scullery (d) Archives